ABOVE AND BEYOND 200-year Flood Protection for Sacramento's Future



Presented by:

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> City of Sacramento April, 2017



Jim McDonald

Presentation Overview

Presentation Overview

- City of Sacramento's Flood History & Levee System
- Comprehensive Flood Management Plan (CFMP)
- State of California's new 200-year Flood Standard
- Next Steps

Sacramento River Flood Control System





Folsom Dam upstream on American River





Historical Perspective

 Sacramento has experienced great floods events in 1860, 1911, 1913, 1950, 1955, 1963, 1964, 1986, 1995 and 1997





K. STREET, FROM THE LEVEE.

inundation of the state capitol. City of Sacraments, 1862.

Published by AltoWHN FIELD, San Franceson.

Sacramento Flood History

- I 956 Record Flood: Though engineers had been predicting it would take a year to fill the nearly completed upstream Folsom Dam, the second record storm filled the dam in a week and Sacramento is saved from flooding.
- 1964 Record Flood: The 3rd record flood in less than 15 years. Engineers concluded that Folsom Dam was only designed to handle is a 120-yr storm, not a 500-yr storm.
- 1986 Record Flood: 10 in. of rain in 11 days. Folsom Dam downgraded to about a 60-year storm. Corps determines that a majority of the city does not have 100-year protection.

Historical FIRMs



AR ZONE

Current Flood Insurance Rate Map



Flood Zone Definitions

Zone A: No base flood elevations determined. Zone AE: Base flood elevations determined.

Zone AH: Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); base flood elevations determined.

Zone A0: Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding; velocities also determined.

Zone A99: Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no base flood elevations determined.

Shaded Zone X: Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with rainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

Zone X: Areas determined to be outside 0.2% annual



News Headlines

- Entitlement "Death Spiral" Begins in California

End Of Days - Only 3 Weeks To Go? ---

California Extreme Super Flood

Posted on 29 November 2012

Can It Happen Again?

And what was it anyway?

I figured I'd get a jump on the inevitable stories to come about how this is extreme weather and therefor caused by Global Warming!!!

(We really need a sound effect whenever AGW is mentioned, like in Young Frankenstein when the horses would always sound off at Frau Blucher being mentioned. Perhaps thunder or a 'dun duun Dun DUUNNN' on the piano...)

At any rate, we're going to get rain. LOTS of rain. I'm on the lower edge of it, so hopefully will just get modest rain. Crosspatch in T8 deserves a h/t for the pointer.

NDAA HOME WEATHER OCEANS FISHERIES CHARTING SATELLITES CUMATE RESEARCH COASTS CAREERS

About NOAA Depresenter w Statt Directory of Help

Sacramento: The Nation's Next Urban Flood Disaster?

West Coast writer storms may lack the "star power" of East Coast humcanes. They aren't named at birth or routinely tracked by the media. But the impact of these western

cyclones, spawned over Earth's largest ocean and nourished by long ribbons of moisture from the tropics, can be even more devestating than their famous cousins back East Huge, soggy systems siam the coast with torrents of nain, powerkul winds, and — at higher elevatoris — deep snows. Welespread power outages, filoding, and debris flows can follow, maing the destruction of major humanes.

In the path of these storms less the city of Sacramento, deep in the flood-witherable basis of the American River and downstream from the massive Folsom Reservoir. A second large river, the Sacramento, flows along the western edge of the city.



A system of levees protects the city them inundation by the ramswelled rivers. One or more levees giving way could drawn parts of Sacramento under 2D-plus feet of water. One big miss on a major storm forecast may be all it takes to catch water managers off guard and turn a background risk into nightmarish makey.

Farmet rortheast of Samararetta

Hath resolution (Costs 10244)

To prevent such a disaster, NOW/s Earth System Research Laboratory (ESRL) is funneling years of West Coast storm





HERADOR

The Wildest Weather



Archive

Climate Change...It's Getting Real!



Climate Change

- From The City's Climate Actions Plan:
 - Extreme weather is expected to become more common in the Sacramento region
 - Shifts in seasonal timing of raining and snowpack runoff
 - Causing increase water runoff to streams and rivers during the winter months

Climate Change

- City of Sacramento is protected by a system of pipelines, pump stations, levees/floodwalls and dams that may be strained by climate change
- The City and partner agencies will prepare for adverse climate change impacts by improving the resiliency of the infrastructure systems
- State of California requires

January 7-10, 2017 Storm









January 7-10, 2017 Storm





January 7-10, 2017 Storm

Oroville Dam



Connie Perkins

Higher Regulatory Standards in the City's Comprehensive Flood Management Plan

Need for a Comprehensive Flood Management Plan

- City's strategic plan to reduce flood risk over the next 5 years with implementation goals
- A comprehensive management document that will guide the City's flood risk reduction and mitigation efforts.
- Help increase the City's Community Rating System (CRS) Class
- Sacramento Countywide Local Hazard Mitigation Plan

Risk Reduction Tools

Flood risk reduction is best achieved by employing a suite of structural and non-structural risk reduction tools.



Comprehensive Flood Management Plan Overview

Purpose

- Historical Perspective
- Land Use Planning and Development Guidelines
- Emergency Preparation
- Levee and Other Structural Improvements
- Internal Drainage
- Risk Communication
- National Flood Insurance Program/Community Rating System Program
- Levee Security

Land Use & Development Guidelines

- Relation to City's 2035 General Plan
- Floodplain Management Ordinance & Enforcement
- Limited development in Natomas floodplain
- Special Restrictions in Areas Next to Levees

Rescue and Evacuation Maps



Rescue Zone: An area of the City that would flood to a depth of 1 foot in 2 hours.

Evacuation Zone: An area protected by levees that would flood slowly, allowing for adequate time to evacuate.

Land Use & Development Guidelines

Rescue Zones

- Evacuation Plans for special needs facilities (schools, hospitals etc.);
- Identification of refuge or evacuation locations for special needs facilities, new residential developments, large commercial and public buildings

Rescue and Evacuation Zones

- Identification of emergency vehicle access to subdivisions
- Provision of infrastructure to protect on-site fuel storage.

Additional Land Use & Development Standards

- SB5/Central Valley Flood Protection Plan (CVFPP) Requirements
 - 200-year flood protection
 - Levee clearance and maintenance requirements

Emergency Preparation

- Reviewing and summarizing all emergency response documents
- List of flood maps available
- City's Exercises & Training Schedule
- Recording High Water Marks
- Recovery Plan
 - Damage Assessment
 - Recovery Ordinance
 - Sample Emergency Broadcasts / Press Releases



2016 Rescue & Evacuation Maps

- > 22 Levee Break Scenarios
- Based on new
 200-year flood
 State requirement
- Animated levee break scenarios (FERIX)



Rescue & Evacuation Maps



Rescue & Evacuation Maps

TIME CONTOURS IN HOURS TO APPROXIMATE DEPTH OF ONE FOOT



Rescue & Evacuation Maps



Internal Drainage

- City/County Watershed Management Plan (WMP)
- CRS Activity 450
- Reducing the increased flooding from development on watershed-wide basis



Risk Communication

- Brochure in City's Utility Bill annually
- Mailing to Repetitive Loss properties
- State of CA's Flood Risk Notice to SFHA properties
- Billboards, advertisements on buses, community meetings and events
- High Water Mark Signs







Risk Communication

- Program For Public Information
 - Flood Response Plan
 - Flood Insurance Coverage Improvement Plan
 - Repetitive Loss Area Analysis
- CRS Credit

Remi Mendoza 200 Year Flood Standard

General Plans, Zoning Ordinances, and the Central Valley Flood Protection Plan - HELP!

General Plan update Zoning Code Update







CVFPB General Plan Safety Element Crosswalk

Jurisdiction to Fill Out			CVFPB Use Only		
Safety elements must identify information regarding flood hazards per GC 65302(g)(2)(A)	Jurisdiction's Notes for CVFPB Reviewer	Location in the Safety Element/ Page #	Board Reviewer's Comments	Sco MET	ore V NOT MET
ii. Does the new or updated safety element include National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) maps, published by FEMA?	Yes. Figure 7-2 (p. 7-15) shows the FIRM hazard area zones.	Background Report, Section 7 Page <u>7-15</u>			
Does the new or updated safety element contain information about flood hazards available from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers including the Corps Sacramento and San Joaquin River Basins Comprehensive Study?	Yes. The 200-year floodplain is based, in large part, on information provided to DWR from USACE. See Figure 7-3 (p. 7- 23) in the Background Report.	Background Report, Section 7 Page <u>7-23</u>			
iv. Does the new or updated safety element include dam failure inundation maps, available from CalEMA (prepared pursuant to GC Section 8589.5)?	Yes. Page 7-18, 7-19, and 7-22 provide a discussion of potential dam failure and link to the Sacramento County Local Hazard Mitigation Plan, which shows inundation areas within the City.	Background Report, Section 7 Pages <u>7-18</u> and 21			

2035 General Plan

New flood protection goals, policies, and implementation measures in the 2035 General Plan ensure that:

- New developments in flood hazard zones will be evaluated to ensure they are safe from flooding, and
- Prohibits approval of new development unless the adequacy of flood protection specific to the area in which the development is proposed has been demonstrated.

www.sacgp.org



City Code Update (March 2016)

- ULOP Findings required for:
- 1. Development Agreements
- 2. Discretionary permits, entitlements, or ministerial permits resulting in construction of a new residence.
- 3. Approving a tentative map or parcel map

Planning & Development Code





Flood Control Infrastructure







Findings

There is substantial evidence that the project has met one of the following conditions:

- Currently have 200-year flood protection;
- Imposed conditions (flood proofing or elevated structures);
- Making adequate progress (the urban level of flood protection shall be achieved by 2025); or
- Within an undetermined risk area.

Next Steps

- Coordination
- Education
- Zoning Code Implementation
- Annual Reports

Questions?

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